



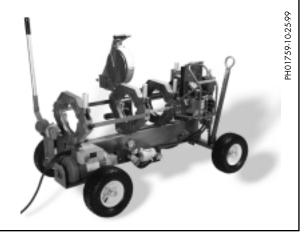




Thank you for purchasing this McElroy product

The McElroy No. 28 hydraulically operated fusion machine will butt fuse all pipe sizes from 2" IPS through 8" DIPS (63 mm - 200 mm). The combination unit adds saddle fusion capability of up to an 8" (200 mm) branch on any size main. The machine also allows for butt fusion of most fittings without special holders or removal of outer jaws. Mitered inserts are also available for fabricating ells in the shop or in the field. With reasonable care and maintenance, this machine will give years of satisfactory service.

Before operating this machine, please read this manual thoroughly, and keep a copy with the machine for future reference. This manual is to be considered part of your machine.



TX01308-4-1-97

World Class Training

This manual is intended as a guide only and does not take the place of proper training by qualified instructors. The information in this manual is not all inclusive and can not encompass all possible situations that can be encountered during various operations.

McElroy Manufacturing, Inc., offers advanced training classes to enhance efficiency, productivity, safety and quality. Training is available at our facility or on-site at your location. Call (918) 836-8611



TX01083-12-10-96







LIMITED WARRANTY

McElroy Manufacturing, Inc. guarantees this product to the original purchaser against workmanship and material defects for **three (3) years** from date of shipment, with the exception of purchased items (such as electronic devices, pumps, switches, etc.), in which case that manufacturer's warranty applies. This warranty does not apply to any product or component which has been repaired or altered by anyone other than McElroy Manufacturing, Inc., or has become damaged due to misuse, negligence or casualty, or has not been operated or maintained according to McElroy Manufacturing, Inc.'s printed instructions and warnings.

Claims cannot be allowed until the questioned product has been received, freight prepaid, at the manufacturer's factory, with complete information and data regarding the failure. Materials returned to McElroy Manufacturing, Inc. for warranty work, repair, etc., must have a Return Material Authorization (RMA) number, and be so noted on the package at time of shipment. This number may be obtained by calling (918) 836-8611. If seller's review indicates that warranty applies, the defective product will be repaired or replaced and returned to purchaser F.O.B. Tulsa, Oklahoma.

McElroy Manufacturing, Inc. is not responsible or liable for loss of any sort including incidental and consequential damages.

McElroy Manufacturing, Inc. specifically disavows any other representations as to warranty or liability, related to the condition or use of the product.

For assistance, inquiries shall be directed to McElroy Manufacturing, Inc., P.O. Box 580550, 833 North Fulton, Tulsa, Oklahoma 74158-0550, (918) 836-8611, Fax No. (918) 831-9285

Register Your Warranty Online: www.mcelroymfg.com

DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY

McElroy Manufacturing, Inc. accepts no responsibility of liability for fusion joints. Operation and maintenance of the product is the responsibility of others. We recommend qualified joining procedures be followed when using McElroy fusion equipment.

Mcelroy Makes no other Warranty of any kind whatever, express or implied; and all implied warranties of Merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose which exceed the aforestated obligation are hereby disclaimed by Mcelroy.

PRODUCT IMPROVEMENT

McElroy Manufacturing, Inc. reserves the right to make any changes in or improvements on its products without incurring any liability or obligation to update or change previously sold machines and/or the accessories thereto.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

Net 30 Days - Subject to credit approval. A carrying charge of 1-1/2% per month computed from invoice date will apply to invoices not paid within 30 Day Terms.

McElroy Manufacturing, Inc. must be notified of any discrepancy in shipment, order, and/or invoice within 10 days after receipt.

Freight is F.O.B. Tulsa, Oklahoma - usually motor freight collect or UPS unless otherwise specified.

Prices are subject to change without notice.

Minimum order is \$50.00.

(Copy information listed on the Warranty Card for your records).

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Overview

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Tulsa, Oklahoma, USA

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Safety Alerts

This hazard alert sign appears in this manual. When you see this sign, carefully read what it says. YOUR SAFETY IS AT STAKE.

You will see the hazard alert sign with these words: DANGER, WARNING, and CAUTION.

▲ DANGER

Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

AWARNING

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

▲ CAUTION

Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.

In this manual you should look for two other words: **NOTICE** and **IMPORTANT**.

NOTICE: can keep you from doing something that might damage the machine or someone's property. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

IMPORTANT: can help you do a better job or make your job easier in some way.

TX00030-12-1-92



WR00051-11-30-92







Read and Understand

Do not operate this equipment until you have carefully read, and understand the "Safety" and "Operation" sections of this manual, and all other equipment manuals that will be used with it.

Your safety and the safety of others depends upon care and judgment in the operation of this equipment.

Follow all applicable federal, state, local, and industry specific regulations.

McElroy Manufacturing, Inc. cannot anticipate every possible circumstance that might involve a potential hazard. The warnings in this manual and on the machine are therefore not all inclusive. You must satisfy yourself that a procedure, tool, work method, or operating technique is safe for you and others. You should also ensure that the machine will not be damaged or made unsafe by the method of operation or maintenance you choose.



WR00052-12-1-92

TX00031-12-8-92



General Safety

Safety is important. Report anything unusual that you notice during set up or operation.

LISTEN for thumps, bumps, rattles, squeals, air leaks, or unusual sounds.

SMELL odors like burning insulation, hot metal, burning rubber, hot oil, or natural gas.

FEEL any changes in the way the equipment operates.

SEE problems with wiring and cables, hydraulic connections, or other equipment.

REPORT anything you see, feel, smell, or hear that is different from what you expect, or that you think may be unsafe.



TX00114-4-22-93

Wear Safety Equipment

Wear a hard hat, safety shoes, safety glasses, and other applicable personal protective equipment.

Remove jewelry and rings, and do not wear loose-fitting clothing or long hair that could catch on controls or moving machinery.



TX00032-4-7-93

Units With Hydraulics

Although the hydraulic pressures in this machine are low compared to some hydraulically operated equipment, it is important to remember that a sudden hydraulic oil leak can cause serious injury, or even be fatal if the pressure is high enough.

▲WARNING

Escaping fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury. Keep hands and body away from pinholes which eject fluid under pressure. Use a piece of cardboard or paper to search for leaks. If any fluid is injected into the skin, it must be immediately removed by a doctor familiar with this type of injury.

NOTICE: wear safety glasses, and keep face clear of area when bleeding air from hydraulic system to avoid spraying oil into eyes.



TX00110-8-23-95

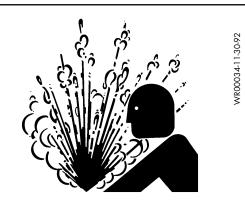


Heater Is Not Explosion Proof



The heater is not explosion proof. Operaion of heter is a hazardous environment without necessary safety precautions will result in explosion and death.

If operating in a hazardous environment, the heater should be brought up to temperature in a safe environment, then **unplugged before entering** the hazardous atmosphere for fusion.



TX00100-9-16-94

Electric Motors are Not Explosion Proof



Electric motors are not explosion proof.

Operation of these components in a hazardous environment without necessary safety precautions will result in explosion and death.

When operating in a hazardous environment, keep pump motor and chassis in a safe area by using hydraulic extension hoses.



TX00424-8-12-94

Electrical Safety



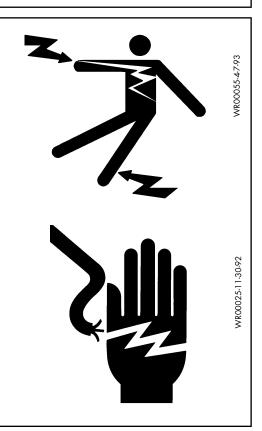
Always ensure power cords are properly grounded. It is important to remember that you are working in a wet environment with electrical devices. Proper ground connections help to minimize the chances of an electric shock.

Frequently inspect electrical cords and unit for damage. Have damaged components replaced and service performed by a qualified electrician.

Do not carry electrical devices by the cord.

NOTICE: Always connect units to the proper power source as listed on the unit, or in the owner's manual. On units with two power cords, plug each cord into separate power circuits. Do not plug into both outlets of one duplex receptacle.

NOTICE: Disconnect the machine from the power source before attempting any maintenance or adjustment.



TX00105-4-12-93

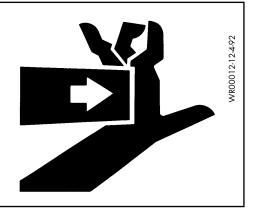


Crush Points

▲WARNING

Hydraulically operated jaws are operated under pressure Anything caught in the jaws will be crushed. Keep fingers, feet, arms, legs, and head out of the jaw area. Always check pipe alignment with a pencil or similar object.

TX00103-4-6-93

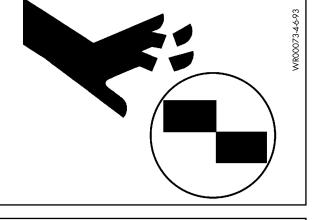


Facer Blades Are Sharp

AWARNING

Facer blades are sharp and can cut. Never attempt to remove shavings while the facer is running, or is in the facing position between the jaws. Use care when operating the facer, and when handling the unit.

NOTICE: Disconnect power from the facer, and remove the facer blades before attempting any maintenance or adjustment.



TX00102-4-16-93

Heater is Hot

ACAUTION

The heater is hot and will burn clothing and skin. Keep the heater in its insulated heater stand or blanket when not in use, and use care when heating the pipe.

NOTICE: Use only a clean non-synthetic cloth such as a cotton cloth to clean the heater plates.

TX00104-8-12-94



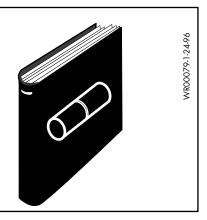
Fusion Procedures

Obtain a copy of the pipe manufacturer's procedures for the pipe being fused. Follow the procedure carefully, and adhere to all specified parameters.



Failure to follow pipe manufacturer's procedure could result in a bad joint. Always follow pipe manufacturer's procedures.

TX00113-4-12-93

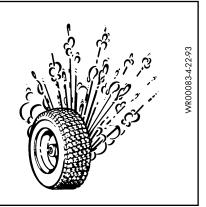




Have Tires Properly Serviced

▲WARNING

Failure to follow proper procedures when mounting a tire on a wheel or rim can produce an explosion which may result in serious injury or death. Have tires mounted by someone that is experienced, and has the proper equipment to perform the job safety.

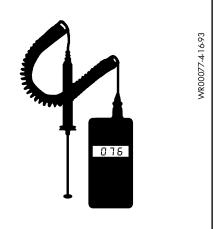


TX00118-4-22-93

Periodically Check Temperature

NOTICE: Incorrect heating temperature can result in bad fusion joints. Check heater plate surface temperature periodically with a properly calibrated pyrometer, and make necessary adjustments.

The thermometer on heaters indicates internal temperature, and should be used as a reference only.



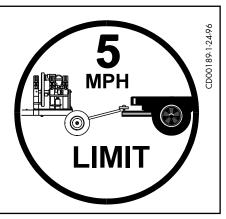
TX00107-11-13-95

Do Not Tow Fusion Machine at Speeds Greater than 5 MPH

▲WARNING

The chassis is not designed for over-road towing. Towing at speeds greater than five miles per hour can result in machine damage as well as injury. Always transport the machine by flatbed truck or similar means, and make sure that unit is properly secured.

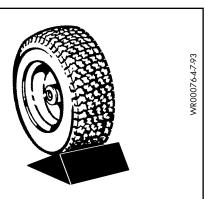




Positioning Fusion Machine

Place fusion machine on as level ground as possible, and set the brake on the rear wheel. If it is necessary to operate machine on unlevel grade, chock the wheels and block the unit to make it as stable as possible.





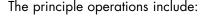






Theory of Heat Fusion

The principle of heat fusion is to heat two surfaces to a designated temperature, and then fuse them together by application of force. This pressure causes flow of the melted materials, which causes mixing and thus fusion. When the polyethylene material is heated, the molecular structure is transformed from a crystalline state into an amorphous condition. When fusion pressure is applied, the molecules from each Polyethylene part mix. As the joint cools, the molecules return to their crystalline form, the original interfaces are gone, and the fitting and pipe have become one homogeneous unit. The joint area becomes as strong as the pipe itself in both tensile and pressure conditions.



Clamping The pipe pieces held axially to allow all subsequent

operations to take place.

Facing The pipe ends must be faced to establish clean,

parallel mating surfaces perpendicular to the

centerline of the pipes.

Alignment The pipe ends must be aligned with each other to

minimize mismatch or high-low of the pipe walls.

Heating A melt pattern that penetrates into the pipe must be

formed around both pipe ends.

Joining The melt patterns must be joined with a specified

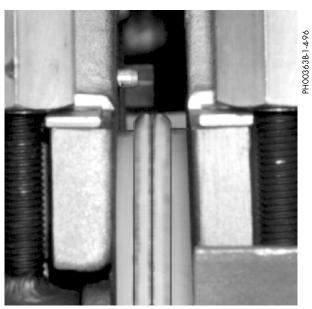
force. The force must be constant around the interface

area.

Holding The molten joint must be held immobile with a

specified force until adequately cooled.

Each pipe manufacturer has a slightly different approach for fulfilling the heating, joining, and holding phases, but the end result is the same – a fusion joint that is as strong or stronger than the pipe itself.



TX00902-3-28-96

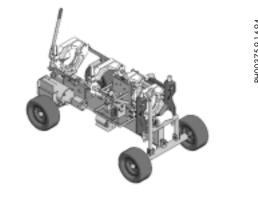






Introduction to the No.28 Fusion Machine

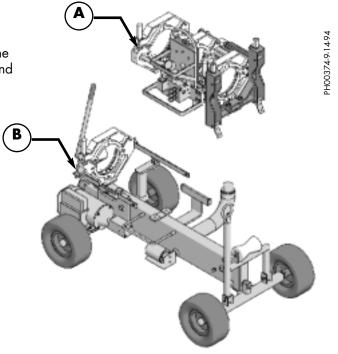
The McElroy No. 28 hydraulically operated fusion machine will but fuse all pipe sizes from 2" IPS through 8" DIPS (63 mm - 200 mm). The combination unit adds saddle fusion capability of up to an 8" (200 mm) branch on any size main. The machine also allows for but fusion of most fittings without special holders or removal of outer jaws.



TX01309-4-1-97

Carriage Assembly

The carriage assembly consists of one fixed jaw and two hydraulically operated movable jaws bolted to the chassis. The carriage assembly (A) can be unbolted from the chassis (B) and removed for remote operation. For this, optional hydraulic extension hoses are required.



TX00351-9-22-94







Chassis

The carriage assembly is mounted on a four wheel chassis for mobility and movement along the pipe line.

There is a clamplike wheel lock on the left rear wheel to prevent rolling.

▲WARNING

Towing at speeds greater than 5 mph can result in machine damage as well as injury. Always transport the machine by flatbed truck or similar means.

The tongue on the tow bar has a ring to slip over a ball hitch so that the machine may be conveniently maneuvered at the job site.

The tow bar acts as front pipe lift when raised.

The chassis is not designed for over-road towing.





TX00352-9-22-94

Oil Reservoir

The reservoir is incorporated in the chassis. The oil level should remain visible in the **sight gauge** in the side of the filler spout.

Never allow dirt or other foreign matter to enter the open tank.

Refer to the "Hydraulic Fluids" section of this manual for hydraulic oil recommendations.

TX00353-9-16-94









Filter

This machine is equipped with a 10 Micron filter on the suction side of the pump.



TX00354-9-13-94

Motor and Pump

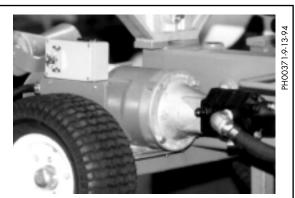
The pump is powered by a TEFC capacitor start motor. The pump is a Hi/Low Gear Pump and is set to give maximum flow up to 300 psi. At this pressure, an internal sequence valve shifts to a lower flow and reduces the load on the motor.

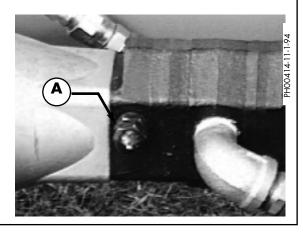


Pump motor is not explosion proof! For operation in a hazardous envirnment, see the "Special Operations" section in this manual.



Do not adjust the sequence valve (A) higher on the pump. This will overload the motor.





TX00355-11-2-94

Relief Valve

The overall system pressure is set with the relief valve (B) mounted off the pump. This pressure is set at 800 psi and is sufficient for most pipe.

When working with heavy wall pipe, it may be necessary to increase the pressure to 1000 psi for the facing operation. Reduce the pressure to 800 psi when facing is completed.

NOTICE: Prolonged operation at increased pressure can over-heat the oil.



TX00356-11-2-94







CD00138A-9-12-94

Hydraulic Manifold Block

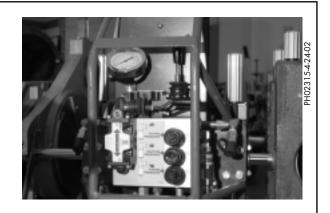
Mounted on this block are a carriage directional control valve, a pressure reducing selector valve, three pressure reducing valves, and a 1000 psi gauge.

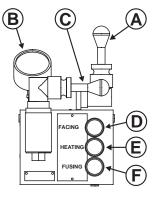
- A) The carriage control valve, mounted on the top of the manifold, determines whether the carriage is moving left, right, or is in neutral.
- B) A 1000 psi gauge is mounted on top of the manifold.
- C) The selector valve, mounted on the front of the manifold, selects a reduced pressure from one of the pressure reducing valves.

Each pressure reducing valve is labeled with a different function:

- D) The top valve adjusts facing pressure to a maximum of 400 psi.
- E) The middle valve adjusts heating pressure to a maximum of 400 psi.
- F) The bottom valve adjusts fusion pressure to a maximum of 1500 psi.

TX00357-11-3-94

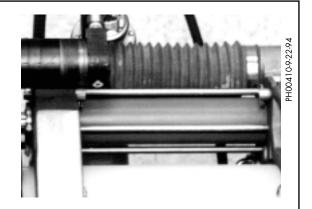




Hydraulic Cylinders

The two carriage cylinders have air bleed screws and must be bled if the system ever runs low on oil or leaks air on inlet side of pump. Air in the system is indicated when carriage movement becomes jerky and erratic.

Consult the "Maintenance" section of this manual for procedure to follow when bleeding air from system.



TX01137-10-23-96





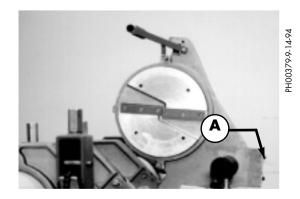


Facer

The facer is of the McElroy Rotating Planer-Block Design. The blade holders each contain two cutter blades. The block rotates on ball bearings and is chain driven (enclosed in lubricant) by a hydraulic motor. The facer weighs approximately 50 pounds and is pivoted on a shaft attached to the two movable jaws. The facer has a release mechanism on the pivot side for quick and easy removal from the machine, and is provided with a lifting ring (A).

▲WARNING

Do not lift the fusion machine or carriage assembly with this lifting ring. Attempting to do so can result in severe machine damage as well as injury. Lift only the facer with this lifting ring.





TX00359-9-15-94

Heater

Heater is not explosion proof. Operation of heater in a hazardous environment without necessary safety precautions will result in explosion and death.

If operating in a hazardous environment, heater should be brought up to temperature in a safe environment, then unplugged **before entering** the hazardous atmosphere for fusion.

The heater temperature is controlled by a microprocessor. It has a red indicator light on the handle at the bottom of the temperature scale. When the heater is plugged in and preheating the light glows steadily until the set temperature is reached. The light then goes off and on slowly as the heater maintains temperature.

The heater body is not coated. Coated butt fusion heater adapters are available for all butt fusion applications.

NOTICE: The heater should never be used without butt fusion heater adapters installed.

To prevent a build-up of plastic pipe residue from accumulating on the heater plates (loss of surface temperature and pipe sticking may result), the heater plates should be cleaned with a nonsynthetic cloth before and after every fusion joint.

PH02312-4-24-02



PH02317-4-24-02

TX01999-4-24-02







Heater Adapters

Heaters and heater adapters are available for saddle fusion of tapping tees, stopple fittings, and branch saddles.

NOTICE: The heater should never be used without butt fusion heater adapters installed.

TX00362-9-22-94

Pipe Lifts

Pipe lifts are provided to assist in pipe handling. The pipe lifts can be secured using detent pins during machine transport or movement of pipe.



TX00469-9-15-94

Insulated Heater Stand

The heater should always be stored in the insulated heater stand or blanket for protection of the operator and to minimize heat loss and risk of mechanical damage.



TX00363-9-15-94

Electrical Box

The main power switch is located on the outside of the electrical box. Next to the power switch is a digital volt meter. This meter shows the incoming voltage to the unit. Located on the side of the electrical box is an hour meter that indicates how many hours the unit has been in operation. Also included is a motor circuit breaker.



TX00470-9-15-94





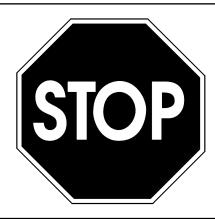
STOP-12-22-92

Read Before Operating

Before operating this machine, please read this manual thoroughly, and keep a copy with the machine for future reference.

Return manual to the protective storage box when not in use. This manual is to be considered part of your machine.

TX00401-9-15-94



Check Oil Level

Check oil level in sight gauge on filler spout and add oil if necessary.

Refer to the "Hydraulic Fluids" section of this manual for hydraulic oil recommendations.



TX00364-9-15-94

Connecting machine to Power

▲ DANGER

All electrical equipment and power sources must be located in a nonhazardous location. Failure to do so can result in explosion and death.

Plug machine's electrical cord into a proper power source.



TX00668-10-10-95





Prepare Heater



Heater Is Not Explosion Proof. Operation of heater in a hazardous environment without necessary safety precautions will result in explosion and death.

If operating in a hazardous environment, heater should be brought up to temperature in a safe environment, then unplugged before entering the hazardous atmosphere for fusion.

Install butt fusion heater adapters.

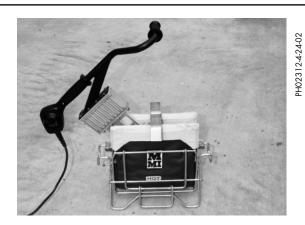
NOTICE: The heater should never be used without butt fusion heater adapters installed. Refer to the "Maintenance" section of this manual for installation procedure.

Place heater in insulated heater stand.

Plug heater into a proper power source.

Allow heater to warm-up to operating temperature.

Refer to the "Maintenance" section of this manual for instructions on how to adjust heater temperature.





PH00420-11-1-94

TX02000-9-16-02

Set up Pipe Supports

Set up pipe stands and adjust height so the pipe is in line with the jaws.



TX00367-9-15-94

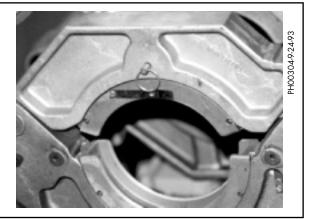




Install Clamping Inserts

Select and install appropriate clamping inserts for the pipe that is being fused.

Clamping inserts are required for all sizes except 8" DIPS.



TX01310-4-1-97

Pump Motor



Pump motor is not explosion proof. Operation of pump motor in a hazardous environment without necessary safety precautions will result in explosion and death.

For operation in a hazardous environment consult the instructions in the "Special Operation" section of this manual.

Locate pump motor in a safe environment. Plug the electrical cord into a proper power source.

Turn on hydraulic pump motor and note pressure at the relief valve.

Set the system pressure to 900 psi for most pipe sizes and SDR's. When facing heavy wall pipe, it may necessary to increase the pressure to 1000 psi. Reduce the pressure to 900 psi when facing is completed. Prolonged operation at increased pressure can over-heat the oil

IMPORTANT: Unplug heater when starting pump motor. This will reduce the load on the power supply.





TX00369-4-1-97





CD00138B-9-12-94

Check Hydraulic Pressure

The pressure gauge on the manifold block indicates the pressure at the carriage valve. How much pressure depends on the position of the selector valve and the pressure set on the specific pressure reducing valve. With the selector valve up, the facing pressure can be set. It may be necessary to adjust the carriage speed, while facing, with the top pressure reducing valve to control facing speed.

Shift the selector valve to the center position, and set the heating pressure (if required). If heating pressure is not required, set the pressure reducing valve at its lowest setting, or the drag pressure, whichever is higher.

With the selector valve in the down position, the fusion pressure can be set.

The heating and fusion pressures can be calculated using the enclosed fusion pressure calculator. Always add drag pressure to the calculated gauge pressure. Drag pressure should be determined using the following procedure:

After facing the pipe, move the carriage so that the pipe ends are approximately 2" apart.

Shift the carriage control valve to the middle (neutral) position.

Select the heating mode, and adjust the middle pressure reducing valve to its lowest pressure by turning the valve counterclockwise.

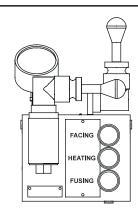
Shift the carriage control valve to the left.

Gradually increase the pressure by turning the valve clockwise. Increase the pressure until the carriage moves.

Quickly reduce the heating pressure valve counterclockwise until the carriage is just barely moving.

Record this actual drag pressure.

Take the pressure, determined from the calculator, then add the actual measured drag pressure. This will be the actual fusion pressure to set with the bottom pressure reducing valve.





TX00370-11-1-99



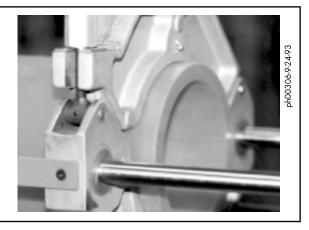


Loading Pipe Into Machine

Clean the inside and outside of pipe ends that are to be fused.

Open the upper jaws and insert pipe in each pair of jaws with applicable inserts installed. Let the ends of the pipe protrude about 1" past the face of the jaws.

TX00371-9-15-94



Positioning Pipe In Machine

Swing the facer into place. With the carriage control valve lever, move the carriage toward the fixed jaws, while watching the gap at each end of the facer rest buttons. When the pipe is in contact with the facer, this gap indicates the amount of material that will be trimmed from the pipe end. Assure sufficient material will be removed for a complete face off. Tighten the clamp knobs on the outside jaws. Hand tighten the inside clamp knobs.

TX00372-9-15-94



Facing the Pipe

Move the carriage to the right.

Open the ball valve on the facer motor.

Assure the selector valve handle is up in the facing position.

Move the carriage control valve to the left.

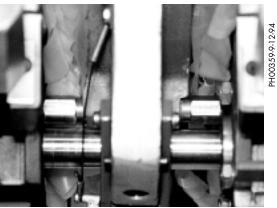
If the facer stalls, adjust the facing pressure so the facer continues to cut.

IMPORTANT: When facing heavy wall pipe, it may be necessary to increase the system pressure to 1000 psi.

IMPORTANT: When drag pressure exceeds 300 psi it is necessary to move the carriage to the left bringing the pipe ends into contact with the facer before opening the facer valve.

Let the carriage bottom out on facer stops. Turn facer off. Move the carriage to the right so the facer can be removed.





TX00372-11-3-94





Remove Facer

Release the trigger lock, and swing the facer out to the storage position.

Remove chips from pipe ends.

Do not touch faced pipe ends.

Inspect both pipe ends for complete face off. If the face off is incomplete, return to **Loading Pipe into Machine**.

Move the carriage to the left until ends of pipe butt together.

Check pipe joint for proper alignment.



Do not use finger to check for hi/lo (misalignment). The unit is under pressure, and slippage could result in crushed fingers. Always keep hands clear of the jaw area.

If pipe is not lined up, tighten the high side jaw to bring into alignment.

IMPORTANT: Always tighten the side that is higher, never loosen the low side.

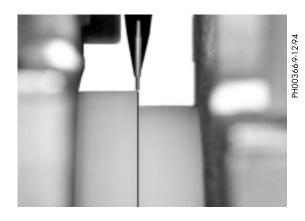
When the pipe is properly aligned tighten outside clamps to insure against slippage.

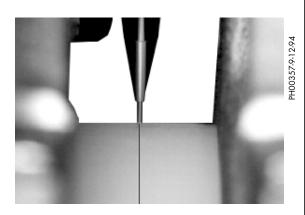
Ensure there is no unacceptable gap between the pipe ends. If there is an unacceptable gap, return to **Loading Pipe into**Machine.

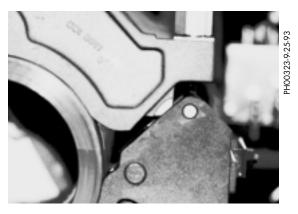
NOTICE: When clamping, do not over-tighten the clamp knobs because machine damage can result. Check to see if there is space between the upper and lower jaws. If the two jaws are touching, do not continue to tighten.

Bring the pipe ends together under fusion pressure to check for slippage. If slippage occurs, return to **Loading Pipe into Machine**.







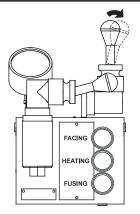


TX00373-10-12-95



Position Carriage for Heater Insertion

Move carriage to the right to open a gap large enough to insert the heater.



TX00374-9-15-94

Check Heater Temperature



Incorrect heating temperature can result in questionable fusion joints. Check heater plates periodically with a pyrometer and make necessary adjustments.

Refer to the "Maintenance" section of this manual for instructions how to adjust heater temperature.

Check heater surface temperature.

Refer to the pipe manufacturer's recommendations for proper heater temperature.

IMPORTANT: The dial thermometer on the heater indicates internal temperature which varies from the actual surface temperature.

The dial thermometer can be used as reference once the surface temperature has been verified.



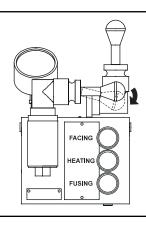
PH00420-11-1-94

TX02001-11-1-02

Select the Fusion Position

Move selector valve handle down to the fusing position.

TX00376-9-15-94



CD00138E-9-12-94





Inserting Heater



Heater Is Not Explosion Proof. This unit is not explosion proof. Operation of heater in a hazardous environment without necessary safety precautions will result in explosion and death.

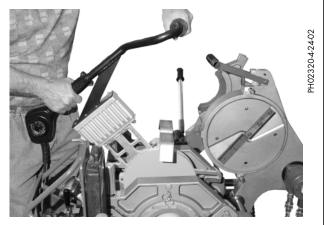
If operating in a hazardous environment, heater should be brought up to temperature in a safe environment, then unplugged before entering the hazardous atmosphere for fusion.

Use a clean non-synthetic cloth to clean the butt fusion heater adapter surfaces.

Verify heater temperature by noting the reading on the dial thermometer.

Insert heater between the pipe ends.

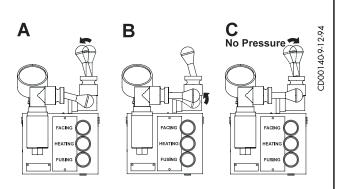


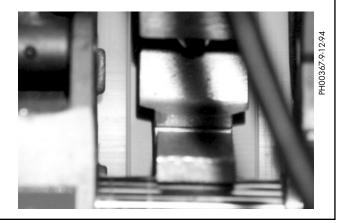


TX00377-9-15-94

Heating the Pipe

- A) Move the carriage to the left, bringing the heater into contact with both pipe ends.
- B) Move selector valve to center position.
- C) If heating pressure is not required, allow the pressure to stabilize at the lowest setting and return carriage control valve to neutral position.





TX00378-9-15-94



CD00141A-9-12-94

Fusing the Pipe



Failure to follow pipe manufacturer's heating time, pressure, and cooling time may result in a bad joint.

After following the pipe manufacturer's suggested heating procedure:

- A) Shift carriage control valve to neutral position.
- B) Shift the selector valve down to fusion position.
- C) Move the carriage to the right just enough to remove the heater.

Quickly remove the heater.

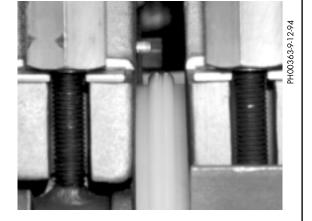
D) Quickly move the carriage to the left, bringing the pipe ends together under the pipe manufacturer's recommended pressure. C FACING PUSING PUSING

Α

D FACING HEATING

В

Allow joint to cool under pressure according to pipe manufacturer's recommendation.



TX00379-9-13-94

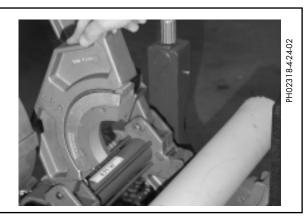
Opening Movable Jaws

After the joint has cooled for the pipe manufacturer's recommended time, shift the carriage control valve to the neutral position.

Loosen all clamp knobs, and move carriage to the right far enough to open the jaw nearest the facer.

Open the movable jaws.

TX00380-9-15-94

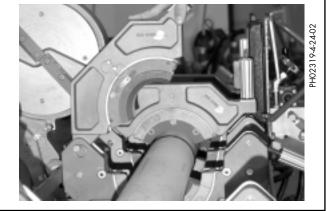






Opening Fixed Jaws

Open the fixed jaws.



TX00381-9-16-94

Raise Pipe

Raise the joined pipe using both of the pipe lifts.

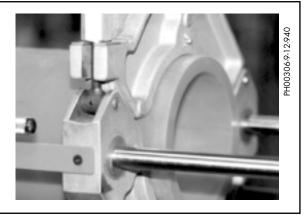


TX00382-9-16-94

Position Pipe for Next Joint

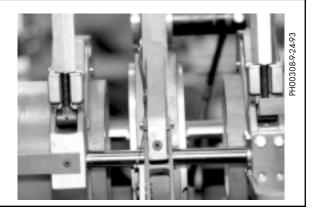
Move the fusion machine to end of pipe, or pull the pipe through the jaws until the end of the pipe is protruding 1" past the jaw face of the fixed jaw.





Install Next Piece of Pipe

Insert a new piece of pipe in movable jaws and repeat all previous procedures.



TX00384-10-12-95



Special Operations - In Ditch



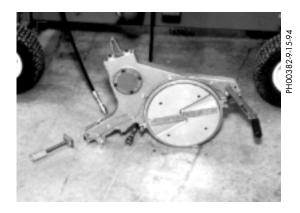
Remove Facer From Machine

Detach hydraulic hoses from facer at quick disconnect couplings and connect extension hoses.

Loosen facer locking bolt.

Lift facer by the lifting ring and set on cardboard or wood blocks off of ground.





TX00446-9-16-94

Remove Carriage Assembly from the Chassis

Detach hydraulic hoses from manifold block at the quick disconnect couplings and connect extension hoses.

Remove braces from inner fixed jaw.

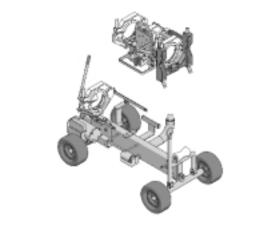
Remove the four bolts holding carriage assembly to the chassis with the wrench provided.

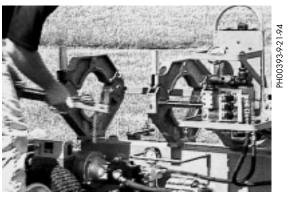
Attach lifting sling to the lifting point and lift the carriage assembly.



Pump motor is not explosion proof. Operation of pump motor in a hazardous environment without necessary safety precautions will result in explosion and death.

Use hydraulic extension hoses to locate pump motor in a safe environment





TX00447-9-22-94



Special Operations - In Ditch

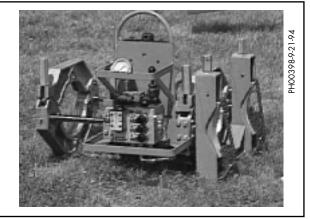


Lower Carriage Into Ditch

Remove top jaws from unit by pulling ball lock pins.

Attach lifting sling to lifting point.

Lift carriage assembly up and lower into ditch.



TX00448-9-16-94

Clamp Carriage Assembly To Pipe

Position carriage assembly on side of the pipe.

Rotate carriage assembly around to a normal upright position.

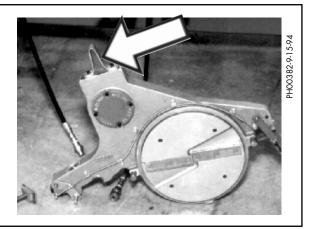
Attach the top jaws and loosely clamp around pipe.



TX00453-9-22-94

Lower Facer Into Ditch

Attach lifting sling to lifting ring on facer and lower into position and reattach.



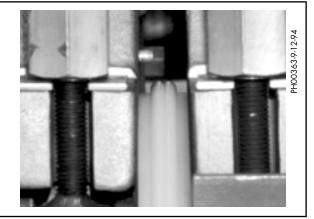
TX00449-9-16-94

Special Operations - In Ditch



Make Fusion Joint

Refer to the "Butt Fusion Procedure" for operating instructions. After facing operation, remove the facer from ditch.



TX00450-9-16-94

Remove Carriage Assembly From Ditch

Loosen clamp knobs and remove top jaws.

Rotate carriage assembly from under the pipe.

IMPORTANT: Always rotate unit with valve system facing up to protect against damage.

Attach sling to lifting point.

Lift carriage assembly from ditch.

TX00451-9-16-94



Reassemble Fusion Machine

Bolt carriage assembly to the chassis and replace standard hoses.

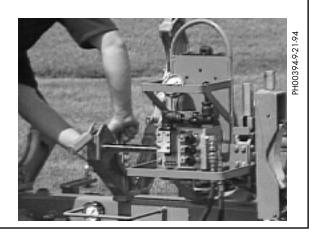
Lift facer and place it in position.

Bring carriage against the facer to insure proper alignment and tighten the facer locking bolt.

Replace facer hoses.

Replace top jaws.

TX00452-9-16-94





Saddle Fusion Procedure

The combination unit is capable of saddle fusing up to an 8" (200 mm) branch on any size main.



TX00454-9-22-94

Install Heater Adapters



Heater is Not Explosion Proof. Operation of heater in a hazardous environment without necessary safety precautions will result in explosion and death.

If operating in a hazardous environment, heater should be brought up to temperature in a safe environment, then unplugged before entering the hazardous atmosphere for fusion.

Select appropriate heater and sidewall fusion heater adapters. Clean heater surfaces and adapter surfaces. Attach the adapters to the heater.

Place heater in insulated heater blanket.

Plug heater into a proper power source.







TX00455-5-20-97

Assure Saddle Will Fit

For branch saddles, a nipple long enough to extend through both movable jaws should be fused to the fitting using standard butt fusion procedures.



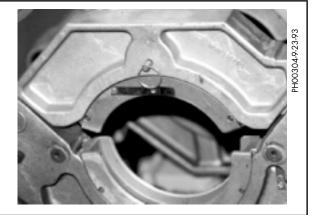


TX00456-9-15-94



Install Clamping Inserts

Select and install appropriate clamping inserts in the movable jaw(s).



TX00457-9-16-94

Attach Carriage Assembly to Main

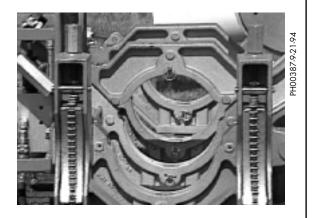
Place the machine on the main.

Place a line bolster on main opposite the carriage assembly if required.

Position the tailstock chains around the main and lock into the chain hooks.

Tighten the machine onto the main using the tailstock clamp knobs.

TX00458-9-16-94

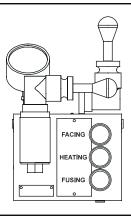


Set Hydraulic Pressure

Check hydraulic pressure. Shift the selector valve to the center position to set the pressure for heating (if heating pressure differs from fusion pressure). With the selector valve in the down position, the fusion pressure can be set.

Consult the pipe manufacturer for proper pressures.

TX00459-9-16-94



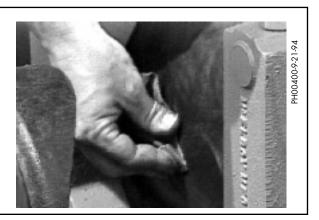
CD00138B-9-12-9.

Clean Surfaces

Use 50 or 60 grit utility cloth to clean and rough the main to expose fresh material.

Rough the base of the fitting unless the manufacturer specifies otherwise.

TX00460-9-16-94





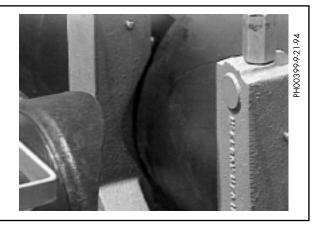


Clamp Fitting

Position the fitting, and bolster if required, loosely in the movable jaw(s). Move the carriage to the right to properly position the fitting on the main. Tighten the clamp knobs.

Be sure to allow enough travel for the melt pattern and fusion to occur (3/4" min.).

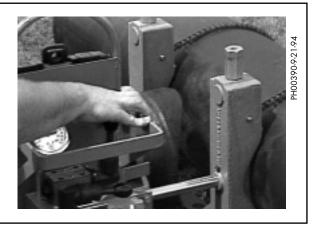
TX00461-9-15-94



Test for Slippage

Bring the fitting against the main under full fusion pressure to insure that no slippage or movement of the main or fitting occurs.

TX00462-9-14-94



Prepare Heater



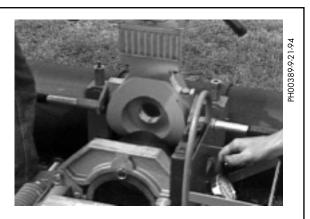
Heater is Not Explosion Proof. Operation of heater in a hazardous environment without necessary safety precautions will result in explosion and death.

If operating in a hazardous environment, heater should be brought up to temperature in a safe environment, then unplugged before entering the hazardous atmosphere for fusion.

Use a clean non-synthetic cloth to clean the saddle fusion heater adapter surfaces.

Verify heater temperature by noting the reading on the dial thermometer.

Check the heater temperature and install heater between the fitting and main. Assure proper line-up.





TX00463-9-16-94

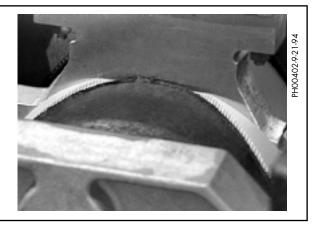


Heat Pipe and Fitting

Move selector valve to the center position, if pressure during the heat cycle differs from fusion pressure. Move the carriage to the right to bring the fitting in contact with the heater and the heater in contact with the main. The carriage control valve lever must be positioned in the right hand position to maintain pressure.

Establish proper melt pattern as specified by the material supplier.

TX00464-9-14-94



Remove Heater

Shift the carriage control valve to neutral and then the selector valve down to the fusion position. Move the carriage to the left just enough to remove the heater.



TX00465-9-14-94

Fuse Fitting to Pipe

Remove the heater with a snap action and quickly inspect the melt pattern. Quickly move the carriage to the right bringing the fitting and main together under the pipe manufacturer's recommended pressure.

TX00466-9-14-94



Allow Joint to Cool

Allow the joint to cool under pressure as specified by the pipe manufacturer. To maintain fusion pressure during cooling, the carriage control valve must be positioned in the right hand direction.

TX00467-9-14-94





Heavy Overhead Load



Fusion machine and plastic pipe are heavy. If loaded or lifted improperly, they could crush or kill. Handle load carefully with proper overhead rigging and equipment of adequate load rating.

TX00062-3-8-93

Crush Points



Crush points exist on this machine. Scissor action of this machine could crush or sever body parts. Keep hands and body parts away from the machine. Be aware of yourself and others when moving equipment.



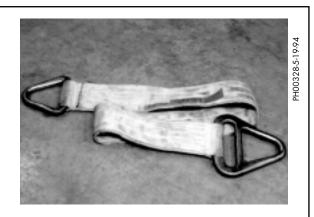
TX00060-10-7-93

Required Equipment

- Proper overhead rigging and equipment of adequate load rating to lift the fusion machine.
- One 24" piece of 6" or 8" Diameter SDR 11 pipe.
- One 28" piece of 6" or 8" Diameter SDR 11 pipe.
- Two Nylon lifting slings.

The weight of a #28 fusion machine is approximately 550 pounds.

Notice: Slings are tagged for safe load limits. Do not overload. Proper lift slings are constructed of high-strength woven nylon with red fibers in the core that become exposed if the sling is cut or worn. If a red fiber is visible, immediately discard the sling, and replace with a new one.



TX00406-9-16-94

Special Operations - Lifting Fusion Machine



Install Pipe Pieces

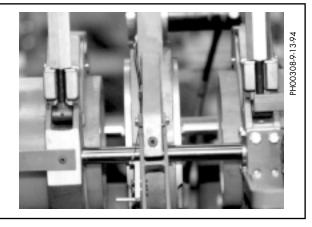
When using 6" pipe install appropriate clamping inserts

Place the 24" long piece pipe into the movable jaws.

Place the 28" long piece pipe into the fixed jaws.

Securely tighten the clamp knobs so the jaws hold the pipe.

TX00407-9-16-94



Ready the Unit for Lifting

Pivot the Facer into the facing position.

Bring the Jaws together so the pipe ends touch the facer.

Disconnect fusion unit from all power sources.

Insert the detent pins that secure the pipe lift and tow bar into their storage position.

TX00408-10-7-93



Attach Slings

Loop the lifting slings around the pieces of pipe.

Gather the sling ends together, and insert them into the hook that is attached to proper lifting equipment.

TX00409-09-16-94



Lifting Safety

Follow all applicable federal, state, local, and industry specific regulations when lifting unit.

Never carry loads over people.



TX00410-10-12-93



Special Operations - Lifting Fusion Machine



Lift Equipment

Using proper overhead rigging and equipment of adequate load rating lift the fusion unit.

The weight of a #28 fusion machine is approximately 550 pounds.



TX00426-9-16-94



Preventative Maintenance

To insure optimum performance, the machine must be kept clean and well maintained.

With reasonable care, this machine will give years of service. Therefore, it is important that a regular schedule of preventive maintenance be kept.

Store machine inside, out of the weather, whenever possible.

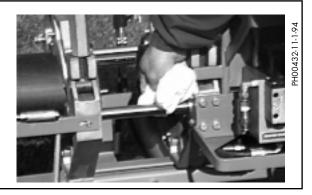
TX00428-8-10-95



Washing the Machine

The machine should be cleaned, as needed with a soap and water wash.

TX00429-9-15-94



Check Hydraulic Fluid

The hydraulic fluid level should be checked daily.

If hydraulic oil is not visible in the sight gauge, oil must be

Refer to the "Hydraulic Fluids" section of this manual for hydraulic

oil recommendations.



TX00430-9-22-94

Change Hydraulic Fluid and Filter

The hydraulic fluid and filter should be replaced after every 400 hours of operation.

Fluid should also be changed as extreme weather conditions dictate.

Refer to the "Hydraulic Fluids" section of this manual for hydraulic oil recommendations.



TX00431-9-15-94



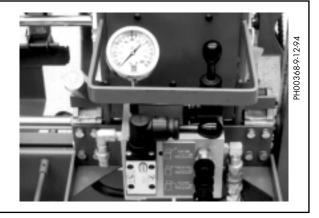


Check Gauge Calibration

Gauge calibration should be checked daily.

The gauge should read zero when the unit is not running.

TX00432-9-13-94



Clean Jaws and Inserts

To prevent slippage and insure proper alignment, the jaws and inserts must be clean.

Clean the jaws and inserts of any dirt or residual material using a stiff-bristled brush.

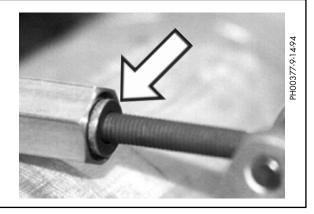
TX00433-9-15-94



Clean Thrust Bearings

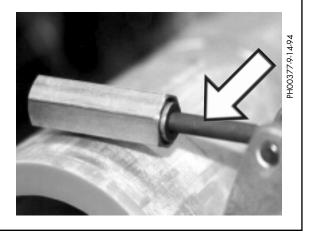
The thrust bearings located in the clamp knobs must turn freely. Wash the clamp knob bearing assembly with a solvent, and then lubricate with 30W or lighter oil.

TX00434-9-13-94



Clean Eyebolt Threads

Keep the clamp knob eyebolt threads brushed clean.



TX00435-9-13-94



Clean the Clamping Chains

On the combination unit clean the side fusion chains as needed. Clean using a stiff-bristled brush and oil generously. Wipe away any excess oil.



TX00436-9-13-94

Fasteners Must Be Tight

Check all nuts, bolts, and snap rings to make certain they are secure and in place.





Facer

The facer should be lubricated annually.



TX00438-9-15-94

Facer Blades

Blades bolt directly to the blade holder and should be inspected for damage and sharpness.

Dull or chipped blades must be replaced.



TX00439-9-13-94



Clean Heater Surfaces

The heater faces must be kept clean and free of any plastic build up or contamination.

Before and after each fusion joint the heater surfaces must be wiped with a clean, non-synthetic cloth.

NOTICE: Do not use an abrasive pad or steel wool. Use a nonsynthetic cloth that won't damage surfaces.

TX00440-9-13-94



Bleeding Air From Hydraulic System

The two carriage cylinders have air bleed screws and must be bled if the system ever runs low on oil or leaks air on inlet side of pump. Air in the system is indicated when carriage movement becomes jerky and erratic. To bleed the system, proceed as follows:

Remove upper jaws & clamping eye bolts from the two movable clamp jaws to expose the bleed plugs recessed in top of the lower jaws.

Tilt machine so the fixed jaw end is higher than the opposite end.

Shift the directional control and move the carriage to the fixed jaw end. Adjust the pressure to approximately 50-100 psi before proceeding.

Loosen the bleed plug on one cylinder next to the fixed jaw.

Hold pressure on the cylinder until no air is indicated and quickly tighten the plug.

Repeat this operation on the opposite cylinder.

Tilt the machine so the opposite end is higher than the fixed jaw end. Move the carriage to the end opposite the fixed jaw and repeat the above procedure on the this end of the cylinders.



TX00427-9-15-94

Maintenance



Installing Butt Fusion Heater Adapters

The heater body of this assembly is not coated. Coated butt fusion heater plates are available for all butt fusion applications.

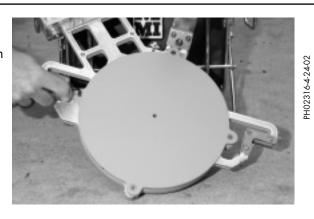
Butt fusion heater adapters are installed with eight Stainless Steel Cap Screws.

Care should be taken to assure that the butt fusion heater adapters are seated on the heater body, and that there is no foreign matter trapped between these surfaces.

IMPORTANT: Do not over tighten the bolts.

The surface of the butt fusion heater adapters are coated with an antistick coating.

TX00443-9-22-94



Adjusting Heater Temperature

Turn knob to desired temperature. Measure the heater surface temperature with a pyrometer. Any variance must be corrected to the pyrometer reading.

Loosen setscrew in the knob. Turn knob to point to the same temperature as the pyrometer. Tighten setscrew in the knob.

Turn knob to desired temperature. Allow heater to stabilize at the new temperature (5 to 10 minutes) after adjusting.

The thermometer on the heater body indicates internal temperature and should be used as a reference only.

TX02009-3-13-02

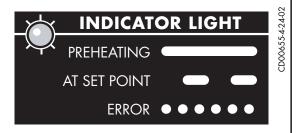


Indicator Light

The heater has a red indicator light on the handle at the bottom of the temperature scale. When the heater is plugged in and preheating the light glows steadily until the set temperature is reached. The light then goes off and on slowly as the heater maintains temperature.

If the heater is not operating properly, the control will attempt to turn the heater off and the indicator light will flash rapidly. If this occurs, disconnect the power and take it to a McElroy Authorized Service Center for repair.





TX02010-3-13-02



Maintenance Checklist



Fusion Machine Checklist

Item to Check	Satisfactory	Needs Repair	Repair Comments
UNIT			
Machine is clean			
All pins and snaprings are in place			
All nuts and bolts are tight			
All placards and handles are in place			
All clamp knobs turn freely			
Cords and plugs are in good condition			
All hardware is on the basic machine			
Oil reservoir is filled to correct level			
Machine is free of hydraulic leaks			
Hydraulic gauge reads correctly			
Brake functions properly			
Tire pressure is correct			
Jaws are properly aligned			
Facer pivot operates properly			
Facer operates smoothly			
Face-off is square			
Inserts fit and pin properly			
Primary pump pressure can be adjusted from 500 psi to 1000 psi			
Input voltage to machine - (108 - 132 VAC)			
Carriage and Selector Valves operate smoothly			
Pressure Reducing Valves operate in their range			
HEATER			
Cord and plug are in good condition			
Heater surface is clean and in good condition			
Thermometer is in good working order			
Surface temperature checked with pyrometer			
Check receptacles for damage			

TX00425-11-13-95



Determining Fusion Pressure



Variable Definitions

O.D. = Outside Diameter

t = Wall Thickness

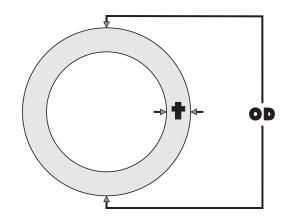
 $\Pi = 3.1416$

SDR = Standard Dimensional Ratio

IFP = Manufacturer's Recommended

Interfacial Pressure

TEPA = Total Effective Piston Area



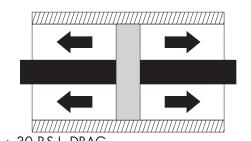
Formulas

$$t = \frac{O.D}{SDR}$$

$$AREA = (O.D. - t) \times t \times \prod$$

 $FORCE = AREA \times IFP$

GAUGE PRESSURE =
$$\frac{(O.D. - t) \times t \times \prod \times IFP}{TFPA} + 30 \text{ P.S.I. DRAG}$$





Example

Pipe Size = 8" IPS

O.D. of Pipe = 8.625

 $SDR ext{ of Pipe} = 11$

Recommended Interfacial Pressure = 75 PSI

Using a Model 28 Fusion Unit

$$t = \frac{O.D.}{SDR} = \frac{8.625}{11} = 0.784$$

TEPA = 4.710 (From Table)

Total Effective Piston Areas

Fusion Model	High Force (Standard)	Medium Force (High Velocity)	Low Force (Extra High Velocity)
28	4.710	-	1.66
412	11 <i>.775</i>	6.013	3.142
618	11 <i>.775</i>	6.013	3.142
824	29.44	15.32	9.425
1236	29.44	15.32	9.425
1648	31.42	19.63	-
2063	31.42	-	-

GAUGE PRESSURE =
$$\frac{(O.D. - t) \times t \times \prod \times IFP}{TEPA} + 30 P.S.I. DRAG$$

GAUGE PRESSURE =
$$\frac{(8.625. - .784) \times .784 \times 3.1416 \times 75}{4.710} + 30 \text{ P.S.I. DRAG} = 338 \text{ PSI}$$

TX00343-12-9-93







Hydraulic Fluids

The use of proper hydraulic oil is mandatory to achieve maximum performance and machine life. Hydraulic oil should have anti-wear and other special additives. The oil must meet 150 SSU at 100° F, with the exception of a cold weather operation.

The following table specifies the oil temperature at various viscosities. The temperature rise of the hydraulic oil can vary from 30° F to about 70° F over the ambient temperature depending on the pressure setting, age of the pump, wind, etc.

Mobil DTE 15M multi-grade hydraulic oil is installed at our factory. The advantage of this oil is a wider temperature range, however, this oil should not be used for continuous operation below 20° F

For use in extremely cold ambient temperatures, we suggest Mobile DTE 11, which can be used to -16° F. This oil should not be used for continuous operation above 100° F (oil temperature).

TX01985-12-21-01

				Ну	<u>dra</u> ul	lic Flu	ids C	hara	<u>cte</u> ris	tics						
Manufacturer	Fluid Name	SSU 100F	SSU 210F	V.I.	-20F	-10F	OF	10F	30F	50F	70F	90F	110F	130F	150F	Range °F
Chevron	Chevron 32AW	173	45	100				**	*****	*****	*****	*****	***			15-125
	Chevron 46AW	238	49	98					****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	**	25-142
	Chevron 68AW	335	54	99					*	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	***	34-155
Phillips	Magnus A32	170	45	101				**	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	**		15-123
	Magnus A46	225	48	98					****	*****	*****	*****	*****	***		24-136
	Magnus A68	350	54	98					*	*****	*****	****	*****	*****	****	3 <i>7</i> -151
Shell	TellusT32	150	44	102			****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	***		-2-124
	TellusT46	215	48	103				**	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	***		<i>7</i> -135
	TellusT68	315	53	89					*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	**	20-152
Sun	Sunvis 2105	206	52	167			,	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****		5-140
	Sunvis 832	164	44	99				****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	**		12-121
	Sunvis 846	236	49	98					****	*****	*****	*****	*****	****		23-136
	Sunvis 868	352	55	98					*	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	**	34-152
Unical	Unax AW 32	150	44	107				**	*****	****	*****	*****	*****	***		12-125
	Unax AW 46	215	48	107					****	*****	*****	*****	*****	****		20-137
	Unax AW 68	315	54	107					**	*****	*****	*****	*****	****	****	30-152
Mobil	DTE 11M	87	40	145	***	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	***				-27-87
	DTE 13M	165	48	140			***	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	***		5-130
	DTE 15M	225	53	140				****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	* *	5-140
	DTE 24	162	44	95					****	*****	*****	*****	*****			23-120
	DTE 25	227	47	95					**:	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	***	3 <i>7</i> -137
	DTE 26	335	53	95						****	*****	****	*****	*****	****	47-150
Exxon	Univis N-32	177	49	164			***	*****	*****	*****	****	*****	*****	*****		5-140
	Univis N-46	233	55	163					****	****	*****	*****	****	*****	**	25-142
	Univis N-68	376	68	160					***	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	34-155

NOTE: This chart is based on the pump manufacturer recommendations of 100 to 4000 SSU limits.NOTE: Temperatures shown are fluid temperatures. - NOT ambient temperatures.







Fusion Machine Dimensions:

Width: 36 5/8" (93 cm) Length: 64 7/8" (164.8 cm) Height: 49 5/8" (126 cm)

Fusion Machine with Facer: 539 lbs. (244.5 kg)

Carriage Assembly without Facer: 165 lbs. (74.8 kg)

Facer: 48 lbs. (21.8 kg)

Heater: 17 lbs (7.7 kg)

Power Requirements (see nameplate)

Model	850101, 850105		850102, 850107					
Total input								
power required	3500 W, 120 VAC, 6	0 Hz.	3500 W, 220 VAC,	50 Hz.				
Pump motor	1 1/2 hp., 120 VAC,	60 Hz.	1 1/2 hp., 220 VAC, 50 Hz.					
Model	Butt 848701	Saddle 826803	Butt 848801	Saddle 826803				
Heater	1750 W, 120 VAC,	2270 W, 220 VAC,	1750 W, 220 VAC,	2270 W, 220 VAC,				
	60Hz	50Hz	50Hz	50Hz				

Specifications:

Designed for 2" IPS to 8" DIPS pipe

(63mm to 200mm)

Design Pressure: 1000 psi max. (capable of more with modification)

Reservoir Capacity: 5 gallons

Hydraulic Fluid: Use Sunvis 2105 or equivalent hydraulic oil

Total effective piston area: 4.71 square inches (see cylinder label for other piston areas)

Available in butt fusion or a combination of butt and saddle fusion configuration

Designed for connecting the McElroy Datalogger $^{\text{TM}}$ unit .

Hydraulic facer for hazardous environments and reduced maintenance.

Other Features:

Centerline guidance

Pipe lift located on front and back

Thrust bearing clamp knobs
Three mode manifold block

High flotation tires

Heater with bolt on butt fusion heater adapters Quick change inserts for various pipe sizes

Positive locking wheel brake

TX00445-9-16-94







Generator Sizing Form

Complete this form and provide a copy to your generator supplier. This information will enable your generator supplier to correctly size a generator for your application.

Motor: 1 - 1/2 Horsepower
Motor Code Letter: (from motor nameplate should be J or K)
Motor Voltage: (120 or 220 VAC)
Motor Phases: 1
Motor Frequency: (50 or 60 Hz)
Heater Wattage Rating: Watts resistive
Heater Voltage: (120 or 220 VAC)
Operational Altitude Range: to
Ambient Temperature Range: to
Duty Cycle: Standby (Not continuous 24 hours/day)
Allowable Voltage Dip: 20%
Allowable Frequency Dip: <u>5%</u>
Starting Load Application: Simultaneous turn-on of both motor and heater.
Running Load: Motor continuous, heater cycling on and off at approximately 5 minute intervals.
Fuel: (Gasoline or Diesel)
Special requirements for customer application:

TX00473-9-17-94

About this manual . . .

McElroy Manufacturing continually strives to give customers the best quality products available. This manual is printed with materials made for durable applications and harsh environments.

This manual is waterproof, tear resistant, grease resistant, abrasion resistant and the bonding quality of the printing ensures a readable, durable product.

The material does not contain any cellulose based materials and does not contribute to the harvesting of our forests, or ozone-depleting constituents. This manual can be safely disposed of in a landfill and will not leach into ground water.

TX001660-8-19-99



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The leader by design

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